

## STRAIN TOO GREAT FOR JUSTIN MCCARTHY.

The Irish Leader to Resign  
Because of Ill  
Health.

It Is Understood, However, That  
He Will Keep His Seat in  
Parliament.

All the English Papers Accord High  
Praise to the Retir-  
ing Chief.

TO CHOOSE A SUCCESSOR SATURDAY.

Position of the Healyites Makes the Task  
a Delicate One—Sequel to the Krahn  
Arrest Here—New Use for the  
Roentgen Photography.

By Julian Ralph.  
London, Feb. 3.—Among politicians of  
every stripe all the talk to-day was Justin  
McCarthy's coming resignation from the  
chairmanship of the Irish party. T. P.  
O'Connor, who is the nearest friend of the  
gentle, scholarly leader of the Irish body  
in parliament, made the announcement in  
his paper, the Sun, to-day, that the resig-  
nation will be read and a successor ap-  
pointed at a meeting of all members of  
the party in Dublin on Saturday.

The action is due to the leader's health.  
It is understood, however, that he will  
keep his seat in parliament.

McCarthy was interviewed to-night, but  
declined to discuss the subject.

I must first see some of my colleagues  
before I can decide whether or not to  
make a statement before the meeting of  
the party takes place and if so, where and  
when," he said.

It is understood that privately he offers  
no other reason than the effect of the  
strain on his health of the five years'   
leadership.

The choice of a new leader is a delicate  
task on account of the position of the  
Healyites, who want proportionate rep-  
resentation in the councils of the party.  
Sexton remains silent, but all agree that  
if he decides to accept no other member  
of the party can make head against his  
majority.

HIGH PRAISE FOR MCCARTHY.  
All the English papers yield high praise  
to McCarthy on his retirement. They  
take the tone that he was never a poli-  
tician, never fitted to succeed Parnell, and  
yet, though he failed to combine all fac-  
tions under him, he carries into retirement  
the respect, esteem and sympathy of all  
sections of the House of Commons.

It is a curious fact that John Redmond,  
speaking at Clonmel on Sunday, betrayed  
the deep feeling of the Parnellites against  
the McCarthyites. He called McCarthy's  
majority "treacherous frauds, faithless  
colleagues and incapable politicians."

O'CONNOR TO THE JOURNAL.  
In the face of this, T. P. O'Connor sends  
to the Journal the statement that he, at  
least, has a strong hope that Irishmen are  
on the eve of harmony and union, which  
desirable state Redmond, in his Clonmel  
speech, referred to thus: "It was not co-  
operation the McCarthyites wanted, but a  
sort of fusion—union on the principle of  
the shark and its prey."

Nevertheless, there is in all newspapers  
and most Irish circles a great deal of talk  
of the possibility of harmony to be ob-  
tained by concessions on the part of the  
McCarthyites, who are in the great major-  
ity.

LADY GORDON'S ASSAULTS.  
Ernest and Henry Crane were examined  
in the Old Bailey to-day in conjunction  
with Herbert Krahn, who was arrested in  
New York last year on the charge of rob-  
bing a woman who calls herself Lady  
Gordon.

They surrendered for sentence. Counsel  
said that the Cranes had settled with  
Mrs. Winifred Gordon. The Recorder de-  
manded to know what settlement had been  
made, and was informed that the Cranes  
had paid the complainant \$750 as compensa-  
tion and \$1,000 with which to meet the  
costs of the suit.

Counsel thought that these sums were  
ample, and added that Lady Gordon had  
done all she could to aggravate the evi-  
dence against the prisoners. The Recorder  
said: "That might be, but one fact is un-  
disputed, and that is that this woman was  
kept a prisoner in a house without con-  
veniences of civilization from Saturday to  
Monday. That in itself is a gross offense."

He bound the Cranes over in the sum of  
\$2,000 each to appear for sentence if called  
upon. Krahn had been discharged at the  
previous hearing.

A NEW AID TO MEDICINE.  
Dr. Willoughby Wade, F. R. C. P.,  
writes to the Standard that it is known  
that the bacillus of tubercle is sterilized  
by direct sunlight.

It is not known, however, which portion  
of the spectrum produces this effect, but it  
is quite possible that the violet or chemi-  
cal rays perform this operation. If so, it  
is also possible that the rays generated in  
the new Roentgen photography would  
have the same powers.

In that case the new photography would  
furnish medicine with an agent she has  
long been seeking, a remedy which would  
sterilize tubercle bacilli within the pa-  
tient's body.

Loss from the Haseltine Fire.  
Philadelphia, Feb. 3.—An estimate to-day of  
the losses sustained by the Haseltine fire last night  
places the total loss at \$1,344,800, and the  
total insurance at \$1,320,000.

## T. P. O'CONNOR ON IRISH UNITY.

The Editor-Patriot Cables to the Journal That an Epoch of  
Single-Minded Action Is About to Dawn on the Irish  
Cause, and That Sexton Will Be Unanimously  
Elected as the Parliamentary Leader  
to Succeed McCarthy.

London, Feb. 3.

To the Editor of the Journal, New York:

It is possible that we are at the beginning of a new and better epoch  
than the Irish cause or party has seen since the great split. The feeling  
favoring restoration of unity is, I believe, getting too strong in Ireland  
to be resisted by any man or any body of men.

Much of the future of the greater section of the party—which I avoid  
naming the Anti-Parnellite section, hoping that this term will soon be  
dead in the past, which all should bury—will depend on Sexton. He can  
get the unanimous election, I believe, to the chairmanship, as there is  
no one whom any section could or would put forward with a chance of  
success against him. As a matter of fact, some of those named in pos-  
sible rivalry are strongest in support of his election. This applies not  
only to John Dillon, who has urged the acceptance of the leadership on  
Sexton several times, but since it became certain that McCarthy would  
retire this year, the desire among those who have formed the majority  
of the party recently led by McCarthy is, I believe, to close forever the  
era of disputes. I believe also that this desire is strong enough to make  
many of them lean to the abolition of the Parliamentary Committee, the  
election of which has always been a source of bitterness in the past. This  
will avoid the question whether Healey should or should not be a  
member of the committee—a question on which it seems not to be pos-  
sible to have unanimity. As to the Parnellites, though some of their lan-  
guage has not been encouraging, I believe they will also be driven into  
unity by force of circumstances.

I do not say that unity will or ought necessarily to take the form of  
fusion at once. At first a cordial co-operation by previous consultation  
between men of the two sections would do well enough for the present,  
and would probably lead to closer and finally to actual union. All these  
things make me take a more favorable view of the future of the Irish  
parties in the House of Commons. Neither Ireland nor the Irish race can  
ever sufficiently return thanks to McCarthy for his self-sacrifices to the  
cause. I hope that this gratitude may take a substantial form both in  
Ireland and America, for a truer patriot never lived, and few patriots  
ever suffered more for Ireland.

T. P. O'CONNOR.

## UNDERMINING A RAILWAY.

New Jersey Junction Company  
Beginning Active Operations  
Against the Pennsylvania.

Tears Down the Embankment Sus-  
taining Its Rival's Tracks Over  
the Tunnel.

LOADED CAR PULLED OFF THE RAILS.

Secure Under Its Court Order, the Junc-  
tion Company Will Go Ahead Re-  
gardless of the Opposi-  
tion of Its Foe.

The war between the Pennsylvania and  
New Jersey Junction Railroad companies,  
over the construction of a tunnel by  
the latter under the former's tracks, at the  
Point of Rocks, Jersey City, was resumed  
yesterday. The Junction Railroad officials,  
acting under the instructions giving them  
the right to build the tunnel, yesterday be-  
gan to remove the cars full of stones which  
the Pennsylvania Company had placed on  
their tracks over the tunnel.

About 7:30 a. m. a gang of forty men,  
under charge of Chief Engineer Slater, of  
the Junction Railroad, arrived at the Point  
of Rocks. Preparations for demolishing the  
embankment were soon completed. Five  
flat-cars, loaded with stone, stood upon the  
first Pennsylvania track. On the next two  
tracks were passenger coaches. Detective  
Rose, of the Pennsylvania Company, and  
five train hands stood upon the embank-  
ment and watched the proceedings.

The timbers bracing the bulkhead of the  
Pennsylvania tracks were sawed off, a  
Junction train hatched on and the supports  
pulled down with a crash. The dirt of the  
embankment followed. The loaded Penna-  
sylvania cars were then leaning badly. A  
cable was hitched to one, and it was hauled  
over the embankment and came tumbling  
down.

It was at once unloaded and removed.  
The watchman of the Pennsylvania Com-  
pany offered no resistance, and the two  
police men on hand had nothing to do. The  
work will be continued to-day.

## ST. PAUL IS MOVED AGAIN.

This Time the Stranded Steamer Gets  
Many Feet Nearer Deep Water.

Captain Jamison's Report.

The strong easterly wind that has been so  
anxiously waited for by the wreckers who  
have spent ten days in trying to get the  
steamship St. Paul off the beach at Long  
Branch came early yesterday morning. Al-  
though it blew up such a high sea that the  
big ship was rocked about in her muddy bed  
for half an hour, the wreckers did little  
more than move the vessel thirty feet back-  
ward. No sooner had the vessel begun to  
move backward than it was observed by  
those on shore that she rocked slightly from  
side to side, and as the rocking motion con-  
tinued the water about the ship became  
muddy. The morning tide was at its height  
at 10:45 o'clock, and by that time the wind  
had veered somewhat to the northeast, and  
was not blowing so briskly. The waves that  
had been beating up against the port side  
of the St. Paul ceased, and the vessel sank  
back stolidly into the mud she had been  
struggling up.

Captain J. C. Jamison, commander of the  
St. Paul, filed his official report of the  
grounding of the vessel with the United  
States Local Inspectors of Steam Vessels  
at their office, in the Post Office Building.  
It was addressed to Captain S. G. Fair-  
child and Thomas H. Barrett. It was as  
follows:

I beg to report that on January 25, at 1:47  
p. m., the steamship St. Paul took the ground  
at Long Branch, just north of the Iron pier,  
during a dense fog.

When the ship struck she was sixteen  
miles ahead of my reckoning from the last ob-  
servation taken 7 hours 23 minutes before the ship  
stranded.

Careful soundings were taken frequently, and  
seventeen fathoms of water reported four miles  
and one-half miles east of the beach.  
The last cast was taken only thirteen minutes  
before we came ashore.

The ship was and has been running dead  
slow for one and three-quarters hours before we  
stranded.

Captain Fairchild said they would take  
no action on the report and make no inves-  
tigation till Captain Jamison and his crew  
came to the city.

At high tide late last night, with a high  
wind and heavy breakers, the St. Paul  
was moved again seaward, this time 190  
feet.

## DAVIDSON'S ANTI-SPY BILL.

New York Police Commissioners Tell Him  
It Went Amount to Much.

Albany, Feb. 3.—Great indignation was  
expressed by Assemblyman Davidson to-  
night when he received a letter from the  
New York Board of Police Commissioners  
which conveyed the idea of the Board that

Mr. Davidson's bill to prevent the system  
of spying upon saloon keepers for excise  
violation could not amount to much. It  
was as follows:



Scene of the Railway Crossing Fight.

Locomotives of the New Jersey Junction Company pulling down the loaded cars  
of the Pennsylvania road above the former's projected tunnel.

sympathy in the House by this announce-  
ment he is mistaken. He has simply weak-  
ened the cause of his friends who have  
announced their intention of fighting the  
resolution on the ground that the House  
has no right to express its opinion of  
an officer in the executive department.  
Mr. Bayard now admits that right by an-  
nouncing his intention to be governed by  
its exercise.

"Our Government is founded upon the  
principles of equal rights, and we are  
accustomed to see men arise and obtain  
great results. We know of the achieve-  
ments of Franklin, Lincoln and Grant.  
They are history. But the results of the  
labor of Ballington and Mrs. Booth are  
matters of daily not, and their names will  
be recorded along with those of the most  
distinguished of our country."

Mr. Depew then spoke of the modern  
way of reaching consciousness and the great  
work attained by the Salvation Army. He  
alluded to the various influences which ef-  
fect different persons, and said that the  
police, drum and cymbal alone had  
touched hearts that could never have been  
reached by other methods, and so long as  
the results were apparent, the methods  
were as laudable and sacred as the most  
solemn religious ceremonies in a church.

It had taken a long time, Mr. Depew said,  
for Ballington Booth and his wife to place  
the Salvation Army above ridicule in Amer-  
ica. Mr. and Mrs. Booth were naturalized  
citizens, and therefore a part and parcel of  
the United States, and suggested in order  
to keep them here the appointment of an  
other commission or a diplomatic corre-  
spondence lasting several years.

Rev. Josiah Strong said that the Salva-  
tion Army had first been regarded with  
distrust, but later with love and rever-  
ence. Mr. and Mrs. Booth had done much  
to bring about that result.

Mayor Strong was introduced, and was  
received with unabated applause. He finally  
got a chance to speak, and said that when  
the ladies called on him and asked him to  
attend the meeting and say something about  
keeping these good people on this side of the  
water, he began thinking of the work they  
had accomplished since he became Mayor.

He spoke of the various appeals for licenses  
to preach made to him by the Army and the  
number he had granted. He found that their  
work was done among the slums, and with  
such wonderful results that he would  
join in the endeavor to retain the noble  
leaders in this country.

MORE GOOD HERE THAN ELSEWHERE.  
"They can do more good here than else-  
where," said the Mayor, "and I came to  
lend the dignity of the office of Mayor to  
the protest against their removal."

Rev. A. H. Bradford offered a set of res-  
olutions setting forth the object of the  
meetings, which were ably seconded by R.  
Fulton Cutting.

The resolutions speak of the potent in-  
fluence of the army and the uplifting of mil-  
lions who are in the position in which  
they tell of the wonderful expansion of  
the army under the remarkable comprehen-  
sion of the needs of the masses of the  
people possessed by Commander and Mrs.  
Ballington Booth and their adaptability,  
and concludes thus:

"Therefore, we earnestly urge, if consist-  
ent with the best interests of the whole  
work, that Commander and Mrs. Booth be  
allowed to remain in the position in which  
they have been so abundantly blessed of  
God, in which they have won the honor,  
gratitude and love of the American peo-  
ple, and have led on with inspiring zeal  
all the members of the army in their  
work of rescue."

W. C. T. U. Fighting a Saloon.  
Theodore Downing, of Brooklyn, has ap-  
plied to the authorities in Riverhead, L.  
I., for a license to sell liquor in Jamesport.  
There is no saloon in that town, but several  
men have made unsuccessful attempts to  
open one there. The women of the town  
all belong to the W. C. T. U., and the local  
preacher is with them. They already have  
succeeded in getting the authorities to re-  
fuse licenses to several men, and are con-  
fident that they will defeat Downing.

## CHEERS AND LOVE FOR THE BOOTH.

A Great Company in Carnegie  
Hall Asked for Their Re-  
turn to America.

Chauncey M. Depew Presided, Mayor  
Strong, Bishop Andrews and  
Others Spoke Warmly.

MANY CHURCHES REPRESENTED.

No Salvation Army Members Present.  
Bramwell Booth Cabled That Mr. and  
Mrs. Booth Had Been Transferred  
for the Good of the Cause

Carnegie Hall, Fifty-seventh street and  
Seventh avenue, was thronged last night  
with friends and sympathizers of the Sal-  
vation Army. The meeting was called for  
the purpose of expressing regret at the re-  
call of Commander Ballington Booth and  
Mrs. Booth from the charge of the Amer-  
ican branch of the Army, and to urge upon  
General Booth the necessity for allowing  
them to remain in this country and carry  
on the good work which has marked their  
leadership.

Chauncey M. Depew was designated as  
chairman, and when the meeting had been  
called to order Rev. Charles Cuthbert Hall  
prayed. Mr. Depew read the following ca-  
blegram received from London yesterday  
by Mayor Strong:

Thanks for telegram, General Booth, travel-  
ing India Change in command indicates no  
disapproval whatever, but considers that lead-  
ers in States, like many others also changing  
their position, remain true to the cause of the  
Army. The general relief on American aux-  
iliaries honorably and heartily helping his son  
and daughter in carrying out their devo-  
tions and in their continued consecration to the  
whole world's salvation, Christ's love over-  
comes all side issues. BRAMWELL BOOTH,  
Chief of Staff.

Mr. Depew said: "As Yankees, we have  
habit of expressing our own views re-  
gardless of what London says. Such a  
gathering as I see here to-night has never  
in my memory occurred before. Every de-

## AMBASSADOR BAYARD WILL THEN RESIGN.

Threatens to Give Up His Post  
if the House Votes to  
Censure Him.

His Ultimatum, It Is Believed, Has  
Already Been Tendered to  
the President.

CONGRESSMEN CALL IT A "BLUFF."

Some Statesmen Characterize It as "an  
Attempt to Bulldoze Congress,"  
While Others Think Resignation  
Is His Only Course.

London, Feb. 3.—It is learned that  
Thomas F. Bayard, United States Ambassa-  
dor here, has authorized President Cleve-  
land to announce his resignation in the  
event of a vote adverse to him upon the  
House of Representative's resolution can-  
suring him for his utterances in his  
speeches in Edinburgh and elsewhere in  
Great Britain.

Washington, Feb. 3.—The announcement  
that Ambassador Bayard will resign if the  
resolutions of censure are adopted created  
to-day something of a sensation among the  
members of the House. By the Republi-  
cans generally Mr. Bayard's announcement  
was regarded as a "bluff," and some of  
those who were spoken with were disposed  
to regard it as "worse than the senti-  
ments contained in Mr. Bayard's original  
speeches." The principal effect of the an-  
nouncement, he said, would be to pass the  
resolutions by a larger majority than  
would otherwise have been the case.

Mr. Barrett, of Massachusetts, who in-  
troduced the famous Bayard resolution,  
said:

"This is no surprise to me. I have been  
positive from the beginning that affirma-  
tive action of censure could result in no  
other issue. Mr. Bayard could not hold up  
his head in England longer as Ambassador  
after such a vote. If he thinks to gain

Mr. Bayard's staunchest supporters when  
the resolution of censure was under con-  
sideration last Saturday expressed deep  
regret that Mr. Bayard had made such an  
announcement. He regretted it for the  
reason that the Republicans would regard  
it as a threat, although in his opinion Mr.  
Bayard had no such intention.

Mr. Taft, of Ohio, one of the Republican  
members of the committee, asserted that  
the Democrats have only themselves to  
blame for this result. He expressed an un-  
willingness to make public the details of  
the discussion in the committee room on  
Saturday last, but said that the Republi-  
cans would have met the Democrats more  
than half way in the adoption of a mild  
resolution of censure.

Mr. Taft's meaning will be more clear  
when read in connection with the dispatch  
of Saturday relative to the committee's ac-  
tion. It was stated in it that the com-  
mittee was not disposed to report a drastic  
resolution if the Democrats would agree  
to a mild censure, but that the Democrats  
would consent to nothing that looked  
like a reflection on the Ambassador.  
It is now learned that the proposition  
placed before them by the Republicans was  
the adoption of a resolution whereby the  
affairs of this country, it was intend-  
ed that this amendment should be general  
and that Mr. Bayard's name should not  
appear in the resolution. The refusal of  
the Democrats to agree to this resolution  
resulted in some of the younger members  
of the committee forcing through the resolu-  
tion.

"Were I the Ambassador to Great Britain  
and the circumstances as they are in this  
case, I would certainly resign," said Sen-  
ator Frye.  
"I hope," said Senator Callom, "that Mr.  
Bayard will keep his word, but it seems to  
me like what the boys call a 'bluff.' If  
he is in earnest he will return for the  
House will certainly pass those resolutions.  
Mr. Bayard, after making the speeches he  
made, ought to come home anyhow, and  
not wait for the House to rebuke him. He  
has shown himself to be an American and  
not in sympathy with his own nation and  
the people. The passage of those resolu-  
tions will weaken his prestige in Great  
Britain and show to the people of that  
country that the American representative  
has misrepresents the sentiments of the  
United States."

BOUND TO CENSURE HIM.

Representative McCall, who offered the  
resolution of inquiry calling for the corre-  
spondence, came personally to make  
rebuttal to Mr. Bayard, although a mild one.  
He believed that nothing would have been  
done by the House. But since it appears  
that no action has been taken and the  
House has Mr. Bayard's speeches before it,  
in response to its resolution of inquiry, the  
House is bound, in justice to itself, to pass  
such a resolution as the case requires. Per-  
sonally, I shall take no pleasure in enact-  
ing a resolution which would rebuke Mr.  
Bayard retire from a position for which  
he has shown a good deal of fitness, but  
his speeches were an affront to the

## "I AM GLAD I AM ALIVE."

It Rings and Throbs from the  
Heart and Soul.

How Even a Great Scientist May Be  
Mistaken.

This Will Possibly Throw Some Light  
on the Subject.

Dr. William James, writing on the ques-  
tion, "Is Life Worth Living," in the Jour-  
nal of Ethics, says:

"Suffering and hardship, as a rule, do not  
abate the love of life. The sovereign source  
of melancholy is rejection."

This is not true.  
Suffering does abate the love of life, and  
the sovereign source of melancholy is ner-  
vous weakness and disease.

How many thousands of people there are  
to-day who can sadly bear out these facts!  
How many of earth's scattered millions can  
truly say that life is worth living! How  
many are there in whom the touch of "an-  
choly" is not the outgrowth of nerve  
physical weakness!

Did you ever greet a man whose whole  
soul shone, ruddy, beaming face and  
warm, pulsing hand-grasp thrilled you as if  
cried joyously in answer to your salu-  
tation: "I feel first rate; I am glad I am  
alive!"

It-health is the breeder of weakness  
melancholy and despair. Good health means  
love of life and enjoyment of its every  
pleasure. If you are a sufferer, if you are



HARLOW M. SMITH.

not in perfect health, if you do not know  
enough enjoy life, the first thing for you to  
do is to recover your health by using Dr.  
Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy.  
By its use you can be put in good con-  
dition, with strong nerves, vigorous mus-  
cles, restored energies, and learn again that  
the person in health life is indeed a  
living.

Harlow M. Smith, of Montpelier,  
says:  
"I had been ailing for a long time, un-  
able to work at this time, suffering all  
the time. I was extremely nervous, my  
brother and sister had used it with the  
best results, and in two weeks' time I was  
able to go to work, and have continued the  
use of the Nervura until I was quite re-  
covered. If my trouble, and I have had no  
return of it."

"I recommend Dr. Greene's Nervura blood  
and nerve remedy to all people afflicted."  
Do not fail to use Dr. Greene's Nervura  
blood and nerve remedy and get back your  
health. This is not a so-called patent med-  
icine, but the prescription of the most suc-  
cessful specialist in nervous and chronic  
diseases, Dr. Greene, of 35 West 14th St.,  
New York City, who can be consulted with-  
out charge, personally or by letter.

A Trinity Student's Odd Theft.  
Hartford, Conn., Feb. 3.—In the police  
court, this morning, Edward K. Sterling, of  
Dartmouth, a student at Trinity College, was  
fined \$20 and costs for breach of the peace.  
He stole a barber's pole Sunday morning  
and, after being chased by a policeman, re-  
sisted arrest. His head was cut by the  
policeman's club.

**Bloomingdale's**  
3rd Ave 59 & 60th Sts  
DESPITE YESTERDAY'S RAIN, SLEET AND SNOW  
AN ARMY OF PURCHASERS WERE WITH US ALL DAY, BUSY PICKING OUT  
THE LONG-TO-BE-REMEMBERED BARGAINS OFFERED BY  
**Our Great Semi-Annual Sale of  
Manufacturers' Stocks,**  
IN WHICH TWO MILLION DOLLARS' WORTH OF GOODS ARE  
TO TRAVEL AT HALF PRICE.

It pays to brave all sorts of weather when bargains like these are offered.

**LADIES' MACKINTOSHES.** Waterproof Shoes for Men,  
Boys and Youths.

Navy and Black double  
texture Mackintoshes, full  
sweep, military cap,  
velvet collar; value \$5.00  
\$3.59

Navy and Black all-  
wool serge Mackintoshes,  
plain lined, full sweep,  
military cap, velvet  
collar; value \$8.00.... 6.85

Navy and Black all-  
wool serge Mackintoshes,  
plaid lined, two full  
sweeps, military cap,  
velvet collar; value \$10.00.... 8.99

Be Ready for That Sleigh Ride!

For Tuesday and Wednesday we place on  
sale 800 pairs Boys' and Youths' Water-  
proof Shoes

at \$1.98 a pair.  
Sizes 12 to 14.

IN WATERPROOF SHOES,  
MEN'S SIZE, 8 to 11.  
Men's Dept., 1st Floor.

\$2.48. OVERSHOES AND RUBBER S.

Men's Buckle  
Overshoes, good  
quality rub-  
ber, sizes  
6 to 12.... 89

Men's good quality Rubbers, extra  
thick ball and heels, sizes 6 to 11,  
pair..... 49

This Handsome Sleigh Only \$35.

This latest design, elegantly painted  
sleigh, all iron work hand forged, fully  
warranted, \$35.00.

Watch Wednesday's Newspapers  
for an important event in our  
Men's Clothing Department.

**BLOOMINGDALE BROS.** **BLOOMINGDALE BROS.**